

# EUROPEAN BRIDGE LEAGUE

9<sup>th</sup> EBL Tournament Director Workshop 5<sup>th</sup> to 8<sup>th</sup> of October 2023 Riga, Latvia

Online Entry Test



# **Instructions**

- 1. It is expected you will complete the test by yourself.
- 2. You can use your Law Book and any materials available on the Internet. However, consulting with other people is not allowed.
- 3. Most of the questions are closed you are expected to choose the correct answer.
- 4. The answers to all questions must include law number(s). Use the full law number (e.g 64C1 not just 64). Include all laws if more than one law applies to the situation.
- 5. Assume all situations occur at fairly high level competition, unless otherwise noted.
- 6. Situations are in pairs competition, match point scoring, unless noted otherwise.
- 7. Screens are not in use unless specifically stated.

**GOOD LUCK!** 

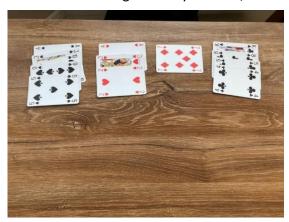
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# Questions

## Question 1. (3p)

A. No trump contract. Can you demand to rearrange dummy? Yes/No



B. No trump contract. Can you demand to rearrange dummy? Yes/No



## Question 2. (4p)

The heart suit is ♥1092 to ♥AKJ3. Declarer plays the ♥9. LHO detaches a card and keeps holding it for some time. RHO could not see his partner's card, but declarer recognizing a small heart, plays low from dummy. LHO takes back a small heart and produces the Queen. What would you rule?

- A. LHO and dummy played small hearts
- B. LHO played ♥Q and as he changed his card, declarer may change a card from dummy
- C. LHO played ♥Q and took a trick
- D. LHO played ♥Q and took a trick, but the TD will adjust the score later

## Question 3. (5p)

West is dealer and opens 1♠, North overcalls 1♥

A. In the case of an insufficient bid, Law 25A may not apply.

True/False

B. 1♥ is not accepted and North bids 3♥. The auction proceeds without further rectification. True/False

C. If North changes his overcall with 2♥ before the TD comes, the next player has two options: either accept
 1♥ or the insufficient bid will be replaced with 2♥.

True/False

#### **Entry Test**



## Question 4. (5p)

Board 16, West Dealer, EW vulnerable. The bidding goes:

West	North	East	South
1♥	2♠	4 💙	dbl
pass	4 🖍	dbl	all pass

The double was very slow. 4♠x by North, down two, -300.

6 players polled with North's hand passed, but 2 others bid 4♠. All players agreed that a slow double makes it easier to bid. At all other tables, East-West played heart contracts: 9 tricks − 13 times, 10 tricks − 24 times and 11 tricks − 1 time.

What is your decision?

- A. 4♥xW, 10 tricks
- B. 4♥xW, ¾ for 10 tricks, ⅓ for 9 tricks
- C. ¼ for 4♠xN 8 tricks, ½ for 4♥xW 10 tricks, ¼ for 4♥xW 9 tricks
- D. 60%/40%
- E. Score stands

#### Question 5. (5p)

Board 16, West Dealer, EW vulnerable. The bidding goes:

West	North	East	South
1♥	2♠	4 💙	dbl
pass	pass	pass	

Before his pass, North made a comment: "You always must think, partner. I wanted to bid on, but after your slow double, it would be inappropriate".

West was one down in his heart contract. 4 would be down two.

The TD checked that South had 13 points and thought whether it was enough to double, and North had an offensive hand with 7 spades.

What is your decision?

- A. 4AxN 8 tricks
- B. Weighted score based on 4♠xN 8 tricks and 4♥xW
- C. 60%/40%
- D. Score stands

#### Question 6. (3p)

What is the maximum number of penalty cards in a single board?

A. 13 B. 25 C. 26 D. 39

#### Question 7. (4p)

Declarer in 4♥ plays a diamond from dummy and ruffs in hand. When the trick is completed, he picks a diamond from his hand and places it faced up on the table. The opponents call the TD to deal with the revoke – declarer played to the next trick. Declarer objects, saying he noticed the revoke and showed a diamond not played. Is the revoke established?

Yes/No



#### Question 8. (4p)

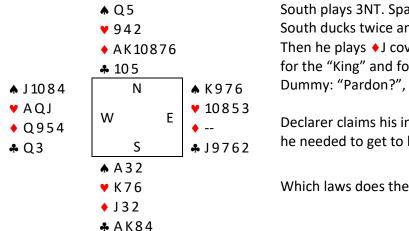
Dummy notices that his partner revokes.

- A. He must draw attention to his partner's play to prevent establishing a revoke
- B. He must draw attention to the revoke when the revoke is established
- C. He must draw attention to the revoke when the play ends
- D. He has no obligation to draw attention to the revoke

#### Question 9. (6p)

Teams, board 13. In the open room, North played 4♥ down two. In the closed room, the TD adjusted score: 50% 4♠ by East made, 25% 4♠ by East -1, 25% 4♥ by North -2. Calculate the outcome of the board in imps.

#### Question 10. (5p)



South plays 3NT. Spade lead.

South ducks twice and takes the 3<sup>rd</sup> round.

Then he plays ◆J covered with ◆Q and ◆A. Now he asks for the "King" and for the "ten".

Dummy: "Pardon?", declarer: "Ten of clubs".

Declarer claims his intention was playing a club because he needed to get to hand and take the diamond finesse.

Which laws does the TD consider to be applied?

## Question 11. (7p)

South dealer opens 1. simultaneous with North opening 1. North's 1. is not accepted and West passes. System of NS:  $1 \checkmark / = 5+$ ,  $1 \checkmark / = 3+$ , with equal minors:  $3-3-1 \checkmark$ ,  $4-4-1 \checkmark$ .

North	East	South	West	
(1♣)		1*	pass	
?				

Assume the pair plays a natural system. Which call do you consider to be comparable?

Α.	1 ♦ , 7+, hands with one or both minors	Yes/No
В.	2 ♣, 4+♣, 10+	Yes/No
C.	2 <b>♣</b> , 4 <b>+♣</b> , GF	Yes/No
D.	3♣, 6+♣, GF	Yes/No
E.	3♥, splinter	Yes/No
F.	3NT	Yes/No

## **Entry Test**



## Question 12. (4p)

West	North	East	South
		1NT	pass
3NT	all pass		

When East opened 1NT, North accidentally dropped two cards on the table: ♥7, ♦5. South on lead. What do lead restrictions apply (if any)?

	<b>^</b>	¥	•	<b>.</b>	both ♥&◆
Require	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	
Prohibit	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N

## Question 13. (4p)

East dealer, North opens 2 ♥ (5+ ♥, 4+ ♦) out of turn, not accepted. The bidding goes back to East:

West	North	East	South
	(2♥)	1NT	pass
3NT	all pass		

South on lead. What do lead restrictions apply (if any)?

	٨	¥	<u> </u>	*	both ♥&◆
Require	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	
Prohibit	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N

## Question 14. (4p)

West dealer, North opens 2♥(5+♥, 5+minor) out of turn, not accepted. The bidding goes back to West:

West	North	East	South
	(2♥)		
1♠	2♦	pass	pass
dbl	2♥	dbl	pass
2♠	pass	3NT	all pass

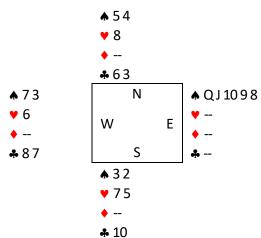
South on lead. What do lead restrictions apply (if any)?

	<b>^</b>	<b>y</b>	<u> </u>	*	both ♥&◆
Require	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	
Prohibit	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N

#### **Entry Test**



## Question 15. (4p)



South plays a heart contract.

East plays ♠Q and ♠J, which is ruffed in dummy (one spade was in clubs).

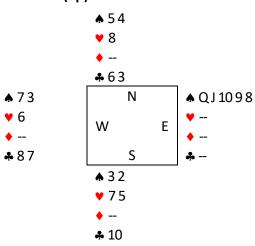
South plays a club to hand and takes two hearts.

Then they discover the revoke in dummy.

How many tricks will declarer take in this ending?

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4

## Question 16. (4p)



South plays a heart contract.

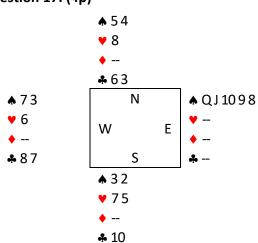
East plays ♠Q and ♠J, which is ruffed in hand with ♥5 and overruffed by West with ♥6.

West plays \$8 and South notices the revokes.

How many tricks will declarer take in this ending?

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4

## Question 17. (4p)



South plays a heart contract.

East plays ♠Q and ♠J, which is ruffed in hand with ♥5 and overruffed by West with ♥6.

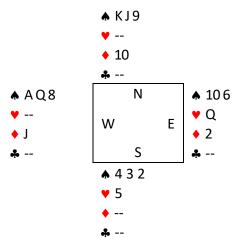
West plays ♣8 to ♣10, and South cross-ruffs black cards.

How many tricks will declarer take in this ending?

A. 1 B. 2 C. 3 D. 4



## Question 18. (5p)



No trump, South is declarer.

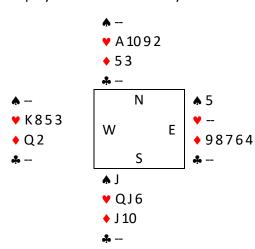
South plays a spade. West takes some time and playing ♠8 says: "I have both, the Ace and the Queen".

South tells dummy: "OK, take it".

Which card is played from dummy?

# Question 19. (5p)

South plays 4♠ and has already lost two tricks. He took the last trick in hand and started thinking.

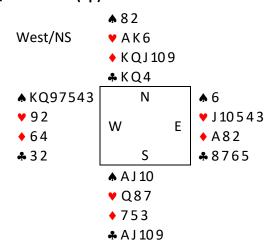


After a while, he asks if he leads from hand or from dummy. West says: "hand", East: "dummy". Eventually, declarer plays a diamond from dummy and East ruffs a heart.

What shall the TD rule, assuming declarer knew the spade position?

- A. 4 none down
- B. 4♠ made
- C. Split score

#### Question 20. (5p)



W	N	E	S
2♠	dbl	3♠	3NT
pass	6NT	All pass	

West led AK to the Ace. Declarer showed his cards and said: "One down". The score was entered to a bridgemate. Just after the session ended and NS saw hand records, they came to the TD, and asked for 12 tricks. Declarer said he hadn't been aware that spades had been split 7-1.

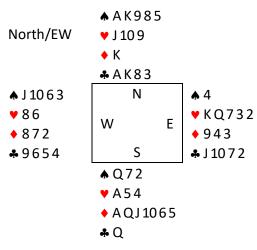
What will the TD rule?

A. 12 tricks

B. 11 tricks



## Question 21. (5p)



W	N E		S
	14	pass	2♦
pass	2NT	pass	4♣
pass	4 🔷	pass	5NT
pass	6 <b>♣</b>	pass	6♦
pass	6NT	All pass	

East led ♥K to the Ace.

Declarer cashed three top spades. Overtook ◆K with ◆A, continued diamonds and said: "One **trump** trick for you".

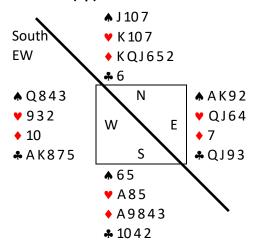
After a bit of surprise, it turned out he thought he was playing 6 . Declarers at other tables took 12 tricks in spades and 13 tricks in no trump. How many tricks will you give to declarer?

A. 13

B. 12

C. 11

## Question 22. (5p)



#### Scores in other matches:

table	contr.	by	lead	tr.	score
					NS EW
1	6+×	N	ΦA	-3	-500
	4♠	W	<b>&amp;</b> 5	=	-620
2					
	5 <b>♦</b> ×	N	ΦA	-2	-300
3	5◆×	N	<b>♠</b> Α	-2	-300
	3 <b>♦</b> ×	N	ΦA	=	470
4	5•	N	ΦK	-2	-100
	5 <b>♦</b> ×	N	ΦK	-2	-300
5	5◆×	S	♣A	-2	-300
	5+×	N	ΦA	-2	-300
6	5◆×	N	ΦK	-2	-300
	5◆×	N	ΦA	-2	-300
7	5◆×	N	ΦK	-2	-300
	5◆×	N	ΦA	-2	-300
8	5◆×	N	ΦA	-2	-300
	5 <b>♦</b> ×	N	♣A	-2	-300

Teams, Screens in use.

W	N	E	S
			pass
pass	2 ♦ *	dbl	2♥
3♣	pass	pass	pass

Result: 3♣, 10 tricks

N opened 2 ♦ weak, South alerted and explained "Multi".

When the tray came back, South corrected his explanation – on 3<sup>rd</sup> and 4<sup>th</sup> hand, they play weak two.

West called the TD and wanted to bid spades, but it was too late to change. The TD was called again after the play.

What will the TD rule?

- A. Score stands.
- B. 2/3 ♠ W, 10 tricks
- C. 4 ★ W, 10 tricks
- D.  $5 \Leftrightarrow x N, 9 \text{ tricks}$
- E. Weighed score